The problem of the 20th century, wrote sociologist W.E.B. DuBois in *The Souls of Black Folk* (1903), “is the problem of the color-line.” This course considers the issue of the color line in American medicine and public health over the past three centuries. We will be looking at the ways in which skin color (and other elements of “racial identity”) has influenced the experiences of patients, physicians and nurses, and medical researchers, seeking to document and analyze how conceptions of race have shaped the health concerns and health outcomes of Americans in the past three hundred years. Topics include the origins of racial classification, the health and medical care of the enslaved, the use of blacks as research subjects, especially the Tuskegee Syphilis Study, the history of racial disparities in medicine, race and reproduction, and the struggle for justice in health care in the second half of the 20th century.

Credits: 3
This class meets for two, 75-minute class periods each week over the spring semester and carries the expectation that students will work on course learning activities (reading, writing, problem sets, studying, etc) for about 3 hours out of the classroom for every class period. The syllabus includes more information about meeting times and expectations for student work.

**Prerequisites:** None

**Course Mode of Instruction:** Blended. Students must watch the films on-line in advance of coming to lecture/discussion.

This course carries Social Science credit and is an Ethnic Studies Course.

**Ethnic Studies Courses**

As an Ethnic Studies Course, it has four important goals. It seeks 1) to highlight the ways in which history influences the present; 2) to promote appreciation of critical thinking skills and to encourage a healthy skepticism toward a variety of knowledge claims; 3) to provide students with the opportunity to consider how concepts of ethnic and racial identity influence both individuals and society; and 4) to enhance a student’s ability to participate in a multicultural society more effectively, meaningfully, and respectfully.

**Learning outcomes:**

Students, upon successful completion of the course, will be able to:

-- identify key developments, actors, ideas, and institutions in the broad history of race, medicine and public health in America between 1700 and 2000.

-- speak and write critically about primary and secondary historical sources by examining diverse interpretations of past events and ideas in their historical contexts.

-- ask analytic questions about the ways in which ideas about race and the meaning of racial difference influenced the care patients of color received and how they experienced their illnesses and injuries.

-- understand how conceptions of race influenced the medical and nursing professions, as well as medical institutions (dispensaries, hospitals, and blood donation centers).

**Readings** will be drawn from both primary and secondary sources. They will be posted on the course site in Canvas.

**Course Requirements:**

Attendance. Attendance is required.

Reading and preparation.

Other readings and other materials will be posted on the Canvas course website. Students are expected to study this material as preparation for class discussion.

Participation.
Discussions are essential to examining the historical, substantive, and cultural complexity of race, medicine, and public health. There will be new material presented in class, as well as the opportunity to engage with images and texts—both primary and secondary. This approach requires that you do the reading before class, that you attend class with the goal of raising questions, offering comments, or responding to the readings and the issues they raise. As we are all well aware, ideas about race and assumptions about racial differences are not now nor have they ever been neutral issues; they continue to provoke controversy and discussion. But, we will strive to have our discussions be productive of understanding and tolerance.

Writing Assignments
a. Weekly short quizzes on the readings (starting week 2)
b. Generate one set of discussion questions of one reading and begin discussion in class.
c. Research paper (10-12 pages in length) on some aspect of the history of race, medicine, and public health in America. The paper must use both primary and secondary sources as evidence, use footnotes, and include a bibliography. The topic must be approved in advance by the professor.
   The paper requirement has three parts:
   -- One page description of paper topic and likely title, initial sources--both primary and secondary, and a paragraph of why this is a question worth asking.
   -- Paper due in class
   -- One-page response to paper comments.

Exams
a short (in-class) final exam.

IMPORTANT DATES

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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>February 27</td>
<td>One page description of paper topic due in class</td>
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<td>April 21</td>
<td>Paper due in class</td>
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<td>April 30</td>
<td>One page response to professor comments due in class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 30</td>
<td>Short in-class-final quiz</td>
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Grading
Quizzes and Participation 30%
Discussion questions and beginning discussion 10%
Research Paper and one page description 40%
Research Paper Response 10%
Final exam 10%
Assignments in the course will be graded on a 4 point scale.

- A = 3.67-4.0
- AB = 3.34-3.66
- B = 2.76-3.33
- BC = 2.26-2.75
- C = 1.6-2.25
- D = 1-1.6
- F = below 1.0

**Policy on late work:**
Late work shall be penalized one letter grade per day. For example, A to A- for one day, A- to B+ for two days, B+ to B for three days. No assignment will be accepted more than one week late, except for *extraordinary* circumstances with compelling documentation.

**Policy on class attendance:**
Students are required to attend class, to view the films before class discussion, and to complete the reading assignments listed on the course outline in time for class discussions of the material. Discussion is a central part of this class and all students should be able and willing to participate. Absences due to approved university activities, serious illnesses, or a funeral of a close family member must have appropriate documentation to be accepted without penalty.

**Email policy:** I welcome email communications. But, please do not expect immediate responses. I will do my best to return any email messages within 24 hours on weekdays and by Monday for emails sent on Friday afternoon or over the weekend. All students need to ensure that the email address listed for them is accurate and current. Do check the website for basic course information and copies of handouts before emailing me with routine questions.

**Canvas Website:** The course website is a vital component of the class. It contains the list of weekly assignments that you are asked to do to prepare for viewing the film each week, and either the readings for the class or instructions on how to obtain electronic copies from the UW library. Review the Film Notes and sites linked to the film notes pages for a synopsis of the movie (where available) and some commentary on the background of each movie.

**ACADEMIC INTEGRITY**
By enrolling in this course, each student assumes the responsibilities of an active participant in UW-Madison’s community of scholars in which everyone’s academic work and behavior are held to the highest academic integrity standards. Academic misconduct compromises the integrity of the university. Cheating, fabrication, plagiarism, unauthorized collaboration, and helping others commit these acts are examples of academic misconduct, which can result in disciplinary action. This includes but is not limited to failure on the assignment/course, disciplinary probation, or suspension. Substantial or repeated cases of misconduct will be forwarded to the Office of Student Conduct & Community Standards for additional review. For more information, refer to [studentconduct.wiscweb.wisc.edu/academic-integrity/](http://studentconduct.wiscweb.wisc.edu/academic-integrity/).

**ACCOMMODATIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES**
**McBurney Disability Resource Center syllabus statement:** “The University of Wisconsin-Madison supports the right of all enrolled students to a full and equal educational opportunity. The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Wisconsin State Statute (36.12), and UW-Madison policy (Faculty Document 1071) require that students with disabilities be reasonably accommodated in instruction and campus life. Reasonable accommodations for students with disabilities is a shared faculty and student responsibility. Students are expected to inform faculty [me] of their need for instructional accommodations by the end of the third week of the semester, or as soon as possible after a disability has been incurred or recognized. Faculty [I], will work either directly with the student [you] or in coordination with the McBurney Center to identify and provide reasonable instructional accommodations. Disability information, including instructional accommodations as part of a student's educational record, is confidential and protected under FERPA.” [http://mcburney.wisc.edu/facstaffother/faculty/syllabus.php](http://mcburney.wisc.edu/facstaffother/faculty/syllabus.php)

**Institutional statement on diversity:** “Diversity is a source of strength, creativity, and innovation for UW-Madison. We value the contributions of each person and respect the profound ways their identity, culture, background, experience, status, abilities, and opinion enrich the university community. We commit ourselves to the pursuit of excellence in teaching, research, outreach, and diversity as inextricably linked goals.

The University of Wisconsin-Madison fulfills its public mission by creating a welcoming and inclusive community for people from every background – people who as students, faculty, and staff serve Wisconsin and the world.” [https://diversity.wisc.edu/](https://diversity.wisc.edu/)

**TOPIC OUTLINE for 523**

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<td>Jan 23</td>
<td>Smallpox, Race, and Medical Innovation—Special Guest</td>
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<td>Professor Emerita Judith Walzer Leavitt</td>
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<td>Jan 28</td>
<td>Racial Ideas and the Founding Fathers</td>
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<td>American Hippocrates</td>
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<td>Feb 4</td>
<td>Scenes of Melancholy Devastation</td>
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<td>Doctors and Racialized Diseases</td>
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March 5 Native American Health
March 10 Hospitals and Medical Schools
March 12 Screening Doctors

March 14-22 Spring Break

Mar 24 Red, White and Black
Mar 26 The Tuskegee Syphilis Study
March 31 Fighting Medical Discrimination
April 2 Genetic Medicine—Tay Sachs Disease
April 7 Genetic Medicine—Cystic Fibrosis
April 9 Genetic Medicine—Sickle Cell Anemia
April 14 Affirmative Actions
April 16 Reproduction and Race
April 21 Surgical Solutions
April 23 Disasters
April 28 Living with the Past/Present
April 30 Conclusions and Review

Reading Assignments

January 21 Introductions and Expectations

January 23 Smallpox, Race, and Medical Innovation
—Guest Professor Emerita Judith Walzer Leavitt

Readings:


January 28 Racial Ideas and the Founding Fathers
Readings:
Thomas Jefferson, *Notes on the State of Virginia* (Query XIV)


**January 30**  
**American Hippocrates**

Readings:


**February 4**  
**Scenes of Melancholy Devastation**

Readings:
Matthew Carey, *A Short Account of the Malignant Fever...* (1794), excerpt.

Absalom Jones and Richard Allen, *A Narrative of the Proceedings of the Colored People During the Awful Calamity in Philadelphia in the Year 1793; and a Refutation of Some Censures Thrown upon Them in Some Publications.*

Elizabeth Drinker, *The Diary of Elizabeth Drinker*, excerpt.

**February 6**  
**Doctors and Racialized Diseases**

Readings:


**February 11**  
**Experimenting on the Enslaved**

Readings:

February 13  Legacies of Slavery
Readings:


February 18  Reconstructing Health
Readings:


February 20  “the Wretched Refuse of your Teeming Shore”
Readings:
C. P. Knight, “The Detection of the Mentally Defective Among Immigrants,” *JAMA* 60 (1913), 106-07.


February 25  Medicalizing the Mexicans
Readings:


February 27  Strangers from Another Shore----NOTE: PAPER DESCRIPTION DUE
Readings:
I.E. Cohn, “The Chinese and their Peculiar Medical Ideas,” Medical Record (1892), 477-78.


March 3 American Empires
Readings:


March 5 Native American Health
Readings:


March 10 Hospitals and Medical Schools
Readings:

Abraham Flexner, “The Medical Education of the Negro,” Report on Medical Education (1910),


March 12 Screening Doctors

View Film outside of class: No Way Out (1950)

MARCH 14-22 SPRING BREAK

March 24 Red, White and Black
Readings:

**March 26**  
**The Tuskegee Syphilis Study**
Readings:


**March 31**  
**Fighting Medical Discrimination**
Reading:

**April 2**  
**Genetic Medicine—Tay Sachs Disease**
Readings:

**April 7**  
**Genetic Medicine—Cystic Fibrosis**
Readings:

**April 9**  
**Genetic Medicine—Sickle Cell Anemia**
Readings:

**April 14**  
**Affirmative Actions**
Readings:


**April 16**  
**Reproduction and Race**  
Readings:  

**April 21**  
**Surgical Solutions**  
**NOTE: PAPER DUE IN CLASS**  
Readings:  

**April 23**  
**Disasters**  
Readings:  


**April 28**  
**Living with the Past/ Present**  
**NOTE: PAPER RESPONSE DUE**  
Readings:  


**April 30**

(Short) In-class final exam.

Conclusions