# THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN Department of History

SEMESTER I 1983-84

HISTORY 365

MR. DONNELLY

## REVOLUTION AND NATIONALISM IN IRELAND, 1780 TO THE PRESENT

#### COURSE DESCRIPTION

"Life springs from death," cried a famous Irish rebel in 1915, "and from the graves of patriot men and women spring living nations." The British, he continued, "have left us our Fenian dead, and while Ireland holds these graves, Ireland unfree shall never be at peace." Since the 1790s Irish revolutionary nationalism has drawn much of its strength from this cult of the dead celebrated by Patrick Pearse in 1915. The Irish revolutionary tradition, however, was long denied its goal. Time after time, revolutionary republicanism either failed to arouse mass support, as in 1848, 1867, and 1916, or having done so, as in 1798, was crushed nevertheless. One of our objectives in this course will be to understand the reasons for these repeated defeats. But it was a central aspect of Irish nationalism that even the so-called constitutional nationalists, who rejected violence as the means of overthrowing British rule, were not without sympathy for the revolutionary tradition. We shall therefore be concerned to examine the succession of constitutional nationalist movements not only in their own right but also with an eye to the influence which the revolutionary tradition exercised over them. Finally, we will explore why it was that southern Ireland owed the degree of independence which it achieved in 1921-2 not to the constitutional variety of nationalism, dominant as it usually was, but rather to the violent revolutionary tradition. No doubt the triumph of 1921-2 was incomplete, but it was still substantial. The lesson of this triumph after repeated defeat is one of the things that gives such desperate courage to the Provisional I.R.A. today. History, as they interpret it, teaches them to soldier on, to endure, to suffer -- indeed, to court suffering -- in the unalterable conviction that some day victory will be theirs, theirs again.

#### LECTURES

Lectures two days per week (Tu, Th, 12:00 - 1:15), supplemented by weekly discussion meetings and/or audio-visual presentations, including films, slides, and music.

#### WRITTEN ASSIGNMENTS AND EXAMS

Besides a final exam, there will be either one or two hour exams, depending upon the decision of the students during the first week of class. Those students who take the course for 4 credits will be asked to do a short essay (2,500 words) on some controverted issue relating to the subject matter of the course.

#### GRADING SYSTEM

If the students decide to have only one hour exam plus the final, the grade for the course will be determined on the following basis: active interest and regular participation in disucssion, 15 percent; hour exam, 35 percent; final exam, 50 percent. If, on the other hand, the students decide to have two hour exams plus the final, a number of grading options will be offered, allowing students to determine, within broad limits, how they wish their grade for the course to be determined.

### REQUIRED READINGS

Brown, Malcolm, The Politics of Irish Literature: From Thomas Davis to W. B. Yeats (University of Washington paperback).

Holland, Jack, Too Long a Sacrifice (Penguin Books).

McCaffrey, Lawrence, <u>Ireland: From Colony to Nation State</u> (Prentice-Hall paperback).

Murphy, John A., <u>Ireland in the Twentieth Century</u> (Gill and Macmillan paperback).

Ó Tuathaigh, Gearóid, <u>Ireland before the Famine</u>, 1798-1848 (Gill and Macmillan paperback).

Ward, Alan J., The Easter Rising: Revolution and Irish Nationalism (AHM Publishing Corporation paperback).

## GENERAL COURSE OUTLINE

Week	Тор	ic	Required Reading
8/29 - 9/2	1.	Eighteenth-Century Ireland	McCaffrey
9/5 - 9/9	2.	The Irish Volunteers and the Constitution of 1782	McCaffrey
9/12 - 9/16	3.	The United Irishmen, the Rebellion of 1798, and the Union	Ó Tuathaigh
9/19 - 9/23	4.	Catholic Emancipation, Repeal, and Young Ireland	Ó Tuathaigh; Brown
9/26 - 9/30	5.	Fenianism	Brown
10/3 - 10/7	6.	The Home Rule Movement under Butt and Parnell	Brown
10/10 - 10/14	7.	The Land War, 1879-1903	Brown-

Week	Top	<u>ic</u>	Required Reading
10/17 - 10/21	8.	The "Irishing" of Ireland: The Gaelic League, the Gaelic Athletic Association, and the Literary Revival	Brown; Ward
10/24 - 10/28	9.	The Home Rule Crisis: Ulster Blocks the Way, 1906-14	Ward
10/31 - 11/4	10.	The Easter Rising and the Sinn Fein Revolution, 1916-21	Ward; Murphy
11/7 - 11/11	11.	From Free State to Republic: The Ascendency of DeValera	Murphy
11/14 - 11/18	12.	Northern Ireland under Home Rule: Monolithic Unionism and the Siege Mentality	Murphy
11/21 - 11/23	13.	From Reform to Violence: O'Neill, Paisley, and Civil Rights	Holland
11/28 - 12/2	14.	The British Army Intervenes	Holland
12/5 - 12/9	15.	The Extremist Game: The Provisional I.R.A. and Loyalist Vigilantes	Holland