The courses in history are divided into three groups:

**A. Introductory courses (1, 2, 4, 5, 6, and 10)** are for undergraduates, and may not be counted toward advanced degrees in history. Courses 1, 5, 6, and 10 are the only courses in history open to freshmen. Students may take only one of these freshman courses for full credit (three credits each semester) since each contains introductory training for which credit ought not to be given twice; but they are permitted to take the others without the supplementary reading and topic for two credits each semester. Students not registered in the College of Letters and Science may take any of the introductory courses for two credits each semester. Students are advised not to neglect advanced work in the attempt to cover all of the introductory courses.

**B. Advanced courses 100 to 149, 164 and 165** are designed to meet the needs of undergraduates and graduates, and to continue, in the direction of greater specialization, the work begun in the introductory courses. They may be elected by students who have the necessary preparation.

Courses 150 and 151 are given primarily for students who expect to teach history in secondary schools. Seniors completing a major or a teaching minor in history will be regularly admitted to these courses. Other seniors and graduates will be admitted only by special permission.

**C. Courses 251 to 262** are open only to graduate students.

**The Major in History**

Twenty-six credits in history, in addition to the thesis, are required for an undergraduate major in history and must include:

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* On leave of absence 1914–1915.
(a) One introductory course in European and one in American history;
(b) At least twelve credits in advanced courses.

The Master's Degree in History

Candidates for the Master's degree in history who have completed an undergraduate major in history in this University, or its equivalent elsewhere, are required, in their year of work for the degree, to do one-half their work (e.g., a three-hour lecture course and a seminar, both throughout the year), in advanced history, and to write an acceptable thesis. They are permitted to complete their programmes from advanced courses in history or related subjects. Other candidates for the Master's degree in history will be required to concentrate their work more fully, or exclusively, upon history. Every candidate for this degree is expected to have had, as undergraduate or graduate, at least one advanced course in European and one in American history.

The Doctor's Degree in History

Candidates for the Doctor's degree with major in history are required, inter alia, to possess a general knowledge of a broad field of history (ancient history, medieval history, modern history, English history, or American history) and an intimate knowledge of some more limited field, and to submit a scholarly dissertation within the limited field. The other requirements for the degree are given in the Graduate Bulletin.

For Undergraduates

INTRODUCTORY COURSES OPEN TO FRESHMEN

Freshmen are permitted to choose two of the introductory courses 1, 5 or 6, and 10, for five credits, but are not required to do the special training work (including supplementary reading and topic) in the second of the two courses.

10. Ancient History. A general survey of the history of the ancient world, including the Oriental nations, Greece, and Rome. Textbooks, lectures, collateral reading, and topics. Throughout the year; Tu., Th., S., 9. Mr. Westermann.

HISTORY

1. Medieval History. A general survey of the history of Europe from the barbarian invasions to the close of the fifteenth century. Lectures, conferences, collateral reading, and topics. Throughout the year; M., W., F., 11. Mr. Munro, Mr. Sellery, and assistants.

5. English History. An outline of political and constitutional history, as a framework for the study of the economic and social development of the nation. Students who have had both semesters of History 1 may enter this course at the beginning of the second semester. (Not open to students in the Course in Commerce.) Throughout the year; Tu., Th., 10 and a third hour in sections for conferences. (1914-15.) Mr. Patterson, Mr. Smith.

6. English History. A general survey of the history of England with emphasis on social and economic conditions. Open only to students in the Course in Commerce. Lectures, textbooks, collateral reading, and reports. Throughout the year; Tu., Th., 10 and a third hour in sections for conference. Mr. Byrne, and assistant.

INTRODUCTORY COURSES NOT OPEN TO FRESHMEN

2. Modern European History. A general survey extending from the close of the fifteenth century to the present day. Lectures and collateral readings. Throughout the year; M., W., F., 15. Mr. Sellery.

4. History of the United States. A general survey from the revolutionary era to the present, with emphasis upon political history. This course, or an equivalent, must precede all advanced courses in American history. To the presidency of Jackson, first semester; from the presidency of Jackson to the present, second semester, M., W., F., 11. Mr. Fish.

For Undergraduates and Graduates

ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL HISTORY

125. Greek Civilization and its Expansion. A study of the development and character of Greek civilization, and of the forces making for its expansion, to the beginning of the Roman Empire. First semester; M., W., 1:30. Mr. Westermann.
126. The Roman Empire. A study of the organization and government of the Empire from the death of Julius Caesar to the era of Diocletian, and the civilization of the Roman world in that period. "Second semester; M., W., 1:30. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Westermann.

127. The Roman Empire in the East. A study of the political history and civilization of the eastern portion of the Roman Empire from the founding of Constantinople to its capture by the Turks. "Second semester; M., W., 1:30. Mr. Westermann.

128. Greek and Roman Institutions. To the end of the Roman Republic. "First semester; M., W., 1:30. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Westermann.

129. Medieval Institutions. Growth of political and ecclesiastical institutions during the feudal period and a detailed analysis of the organization of society in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. "Second semester; M., W., 9. Mr. Patterson.

130. Medieval Civilization. Designed to supplement course 1 by a special study of the intellectual life of the feudal period and of the organization of society. (Not open to sophomores.) "First semester; Tu., Th., 10, and a third hour to be arranged. Mr. Musgrove.

131. The Crusades. Designed to supplement course 1 by a more extended study of the period from 1096 to 1291, with special reference to the causes, events, and influence of the Crusades. (Not open to sophomores.) "Second semester; Tu., Th., 10, Mr. Musgrove.

131a. Constitutional History of England. A study of the formation and growth of English institutions, to the close of the Middle Ages; designed to be particularly useful for those who intend to study law. "First semester; Tu., Th., 10, and a third hour to be arranged. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Musgrove.

132. The Renaissance. The development of civilization in the period from Dante to Luther, conventionally known as the Renaissance. The work of some of the great politicians, poets, scholars, artists, historians, explorers, and religious leaders. "First semester; Tu., Th., 9, and a third hour for conferences. Mr. Sellery.

133. Modern Historians. A discussion of the writings of English, French, German, Italian, and American historians of the latter part of the eighteenth and of the nineteenth century, to illustrate the problems and methods of work in various fields of European history. (Not open to sophomores.) "Second semester; Th., 1:30. Mr. Munro.

134. Modern Civilization. Designed to supplement course 2 by reviewing European institutional and kulturgeschichtliche development from the Peace of Westphalia to the end of the nineteenth century. (Not open to sophomores.) "First semester; M., W., F., 11. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Coffin.

135. Constitutional History of England. A study of the growth of English institutions since the Middle Ages. A continuation of course 141a to the present. "Second semester; Tu., Th., 10, and a third hour to be arranged. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Sellery.

136. The Protestant Revolt. The place of the church in fifteenth century civilization; the causes, nature, and results of the Protestant Revolt of the sixteenth century and of the Catholic Reformation; the influence of these movements upon contemporary civilization. "Second semester; Tu., Th., 9, and a third hour for conferences. Mr. Sellery.

137. Expansion of Europe Since the Fifteenth Century. The relations of Europe chiefly with Asia and Africa, involving the development of colonies, trade, and international policies. "Throughout the year; hours to be arranged. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Dennis.

138. England under the Tudors and Stuarts. The constitutional and religious struggles in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, economic and social changes, international relations, the development of sea-power, and the founding of the British Empire. "Throughout the year; Tu., Th., 11. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Dennis.

139. The British Empire, 1688–1815. A course dealing with the development of modern English institutions, foreign affairs, the international struggle for colonial and commercial supremacy, and the evolution of imperial politics.
116. The American Colonies. European background of colonial history, development of the social, economic, and political life of the colonies, growth of American institutions and principles, and expansion of settlement to 1760. Throughout the year; Tu., Th., 10. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Dennis.


118. Civil War and Reconstruction. A general study of the history of the United States, 1860 to 1876. First semester; M., W., F., 8. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Fish.

119. History of New England. Transfer of population from Europe to New England, the forests, social, economic, political, that acted upon it there, and its expansion westward. Second semester; M., W., F., 8. (Omitted 1914–15.) Mr. Chase.
164. Seminary in the Relations of English History and Geography. Introductory lectures and study of selected topics. First semester; hours to be arranged. (Omitted 1914-15.) Mr. Chase.

165. Seminary in the Relations of History and Geography. (Omitted 1914-15.) Mr. Fish, Mr. Whitbeck.

For Graduates

251. Diplomatem. Elementary exercises in the study of medi- 

cal documents. Second semester; hours to be arranged. 

Mr. Munro.

252. Historical Method. Introductory course, including consider- 

ation of problems of method, review of available ma- 

terials for research, with bibliographical suggestions, 

and consideration of the technique of editing and pub- 

lishing. Graduate students in their first year are ex- 

pected to take this course. Throughout the year; W., 

3:30 to 5:30. Mr. Sellsby, Mr. Fish, Mr. Coffin.

253. Palaeography. Elements of palaeography, with practical 

exercises in the reading of facsimiles of Latin documents. 

Second semester; hours to be arranged. (Omitted 

1914-15.) Mr. Westermann.

254. Seminary in Ancient History. First semester, Organization 

and Administration of Egypt under the Ptolemies. Sec- 

ond semester, Studies in Economic Conditions under 

the Roman Empire. Tu., 7 to 9. (Omitted 1914-15.) 

Mr. Westermann.

255. Seminary in Latin and Ancient History. See Latin 233. 

A study of the literary and inscriptiveal sources upon the 

principate of Augustus Caesar, especially the Monument 

of Asca. Throughout the year; Th., 8:30 to 5:30. 

Mr. Slaughter, Mr. Westermann.

256. Seminary in Medieval History. Topics from the Crusades. 

A knowledge of three foreign languages is required. 

Throughout the year; M., 2:30 to 4:30. Mr. Munro.

257. Seminary in Modern European History. The work will be 

selected in the field of Napoleonic institutions. Through- 

out the year. Mr. Coffin.

259. Seminary in American History. A study of the fundamental 

factors underlying some limited period of American his- 

tory. First semester; Th., 3:30 to 5:30. Mr. Fish.

262. Seminary in American History. The History of the West: 

the later Jacksonian era, 1914-1915; the Hayes Admin- 

istration, 1915-1916. Throughout the year; M., 2:30 to 

4:30. Mr. Paxson.

INDO-EUROPEAN COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR LAIRD (chairman); Mr. Anson.

102. Introduction to Comparative Philology. First semester. 

Elements of Comparative Grammar. Second semester. 

W., F., 3:30. (Omitted 1915-16.) Mr. Anson.

103. Elementary Sanskrit. Throughout the year; M., W., 11. 

Mr. Laird.

104. Advanced Sanskrit. Kalidasa's Cakuntala. Throughout 

the year; F., 11. Mr. Laird.

105. Latin Grammar. Lectures on the sounds and forms of the 

Latin language. First semester; Th., 11. (Omitted 

1915-16.) Mr. Laird.

106. Greek Grammar. Lectures on the sounds and forms of the 

Greek language. First semester; Th., 11. Mr. Laird.

209. Pre-Germanic Grammar. Throughout the year; W., F., 3:30. 

Mr. Anson.