

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
Department of History
Semester, 1994-95

History 539

Karpat

THE MIDDLE EAST AND THE BALKANS DURING THE OTTOMAN ERA
(1200-1600)

LECTURE TOPICS:

SEPTEMBER 1, 6, 8, 13

Introduction. Religion, tribes and civilization in East Eurasia. The place of Ottoman history in world history. The predecessors of the Ottoman Empire: The Seljuki state and the Mongols. The political heritage and the relationship to Islam. The East Roman Empire (Byzantium) and the Western frontier the impact of the 4th crusade. Ottomans as successors of East Roman Empire.

SEPTEMBER 15, 20, 22, 27, 29

The establishment of the state and the early sultans. The founder of the dynasty Osman (1299-1326) and Orhan (1326-1359). The Ottoman expansion into the Balkans the nature of the Balkan society and the (frontier, feudal, gazi) of the early Ottoman state; Murat I (1359-1389). Bayezid (1389-1402). The population factors in the Ottoman expansion. The system of marches (uc beylik) and the idea of justice. The drive towards centralization and the emergence of a new feudalism. The establishment of a permanent military force - Jenisarries and of the state land tenure (or the timar) system.

OCTOBER 4, 6, 11

The Ottoman social-political organization. The system of balances and the central position of the throne. The Balkan states and their incorporation into the Ottoman system. The conflict between local and central authority and the political roles of the old social organizations. Tamerlane and the downfall of the Ottoman state, the battle of Ankara, 1402.

OCTOBER 13, 18, 20

The interregnum. Social and religious upheavals in Anatolia and the Balkans (1403-1413). The new religious ideology; Bedreddin Simavi -- The reestablishment of the central authority -- Mehmet I, 1413-1421, and the social groups in control.

OCTOBER 25, 27

The Ottoman Empire during Murat II (1421-1451). The economic and social situation of Anatolia and the Balkans during the period. The Hungarians and the crusade of Varna, 1444. The foreign policy and territorial security. The consolidation of the administrative institutions.

NOVEMBER 1, 3, 8

The consolidation of the state. The emergence of a constitutional order. Sultan Mehmet II (1451-1481) and the conquest of the Constantinople. Expansion into the Northeast Anatolia, the incorporation of the Turkman State, and Crimea. War and peace groups in the court: Chandarli and Zaganos. The social-religious factors, Orthodox and Catholic rivalry. Trade in the Adriatic and Mediterranean and relations with Venice.

The socio-political order and its institutional foundations. The millets (religious communities) as the basis of the system. The new juridical, social and economic systems. The timar system and its functioning. The reorganization of the wakfs, the taxation policy and the military organization. The Ottoman constitutional order and its institutional foundations. The military and administrative elites (Janissaries).

NOVEMBER 10, 15, 17

The reign of Bayezid II (1481-1512). The expansion into the Middle East. Djem sultan and the growth of Ulema's power. The economic causes of the wars with Venice. The sunni-shiite (Safavid) conflict and the social causes of the wars with the Persians. Selim I (1512-1520): the destruction of the Memeluks and the occupation of Syria and Egypt. The Caliphate and Sultanate. The Islamization of the state institution. The shariat court system and judges.

NOVEMBER 22 -- Midterm exam

NOVEMBER -- Midterm exam

Suleyman the Magnificent (Kanuni) and Charles (1520-1566). The peak of Ottoman power. The Empire's internal situation. Relations with Europe (England and France) and the conflict with the Habsburgs. The rise of Protestantism in Europe. Expansion into North Africa. The beginning of disintegration in the land system.

DECEMBER 1, 6, 8

The bureaucratic order, the religious orders, the wakfs, the guilds, the cities (imaret policy), trade, etc., in the 15th and 16th centuries. The Ottoman City.

DECEMBER 13, 15

The reign of Selim II (1566-1574). The Northern policy of the Ottoman's. The emergence of Russia and conflict for the Astrahan. The Jelail revolts; the beginning of a new developmental phase. The rise of the bureaucracy as the center of power. The shift of agricultural surplus to consumption. Town and village relationships and changes in the tax policy. The rise of the religious establishment. The wars with Iran. The reconquest of Iraq and the general situation of the Middle East. The pilgrimage road to Mecca and its economic and political significance.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
Department of History
Semester I, 1994/95

HISTORY 539

Kemal Karpat

THE MIDDLE EAST AND THE BALKANS DURING THE OTTOMAN ERA (1200-1600

- Adivar, A.A., La Science chez les Turcs Ottomans, Paris 1939.
- Alderson, A., The Structure of the Ottoman Dynasty, London 1956.
- Allen, W. E. D., Problems of Turkish Power in the Sixteenth Century, London 1963.
- Angelov, D., "Certain Aspects de la conquete des peuples balkaniques par los Turcs," Byzantinoslavica XVII, 1956, pp. 220-76.
- Anderson, R.C., Naval Wars in the Levant, Liverpool 1952.
- Arnakis, G.G., "Future traditions in the Ottoman Empire," J. of Near Eastern Studies XII, 1953, pp. 232-47.
- Atiya, A.S. The Crusade of Nicolopis, London, 1934.
- Ayalon, D., Gunpowder and Firearms in the Mamluk Kingdom, London, 1965.
- Babinger, Franz, Mahomet II Le Conquerant et son temps, Paris 1954 (see also German edition and other works by the same author).
- Barkan, O.L., "Los deportations comme methods de peuplement--dans L'Empire Ottoman," Revue de la Faculte des Sciences El. (Istanbul), 1945-50 (see other works by Barkan on economic and demographic history).
- Barkan, O.L., "Quelques observations sur L'organization economique et sociale des villes Ottomans," La Villa, Brussels 1955.
- Belin, F.A., "Etude sur la propriete fonciere en pays musulmans et specialment an Turquie," Journal Asiatique, 1862, 1964.
- _____, "Essay sur l'histoire economique en Turquie," Journal Asiatique, 1885.
- _____, "Du regime des fiefs militaires," Journal Asiatique, 1870.
- Birge, J.K., The Bektashi Order of Dervishes, Hartford 1937
- Boppe, A., "La France et ale militaire turc au XVIII siecle, Feuilles d'Histoire 1912).
- Brice, W.C., "The Turkish colonization of Anatolia," Bulletin of the John Rylands Library, Manchester (38), 1955.
- Brockelman, C., History of the Islamic Peoples, New York 1960.
- Bulgaru-Dresea, M., Nicolae Jorgs, A Romanian Historian of the Ottoman Empire, Bucharest, 1973 (a good survey of the literature).
- Cahon, Claude, Pre-Ottoman Turkey, London 1968.
- Cahon, C., "Le regime de la terre et l'occupation turque en Anatolia," Cah. d'hist. mondialo, Vol. II (3), Paris 1955.

- Cahon, C., "La campagne de Mantzikart d'après les sources Musulmanes," Byzantion 9, 1994. (For Cahen's works on Ottoman social and economic institutions see instructor).
- _____, "Le Maliknameh et l'histoire des origines seljoucides," Orions, 1949.
- Cahun, L., Introduction à l'histoire de l'Asia, Turcs et Mongols, des origines à 1405. Paris, 1896.
- Charonis, F., "On the social structure of. . . the Byzantine Empire . . ." Byzantinoslavica XXII, 1961, pp. 94-153 (for other bibliography on the subject see instructor).
- Creasy, Edward S., History of the Ottoman Turks, Beirut 1961.
- Djevad Boy, Ahmed, Etat militaire ottoman (Janissaries), Paris 1882.
- Fisher, Sir G., Barbary Legend . . . North Africa, 1415-1830, Oxford 1957.
- Frye, R.N., Islam and the West, The Hague 1957.
- Galati, Fisher, Ottoman Imperialism and German Protestantism, Cambridge, Mass. 1959.
- Gibb, H.A.R. and Bowen, H., Islamic Society and the West (2 vols.), London, 1950, 1957.
- Gibbons, H.A., The Foundation of the Ottoman Empire, History of the Osmanlis 1300-1403, Oxford 1916. Reprint 1968.
- Grousset, R., L'empire des steppes, Atilla Genqis Han. Tamerlane, Paris 1939.
- Halecki, O., The Crusade of Varne, New York 1934.
- Hammer, J. Von, Geschichte des Osmanischen Reiches (Post 1827-1835). The major source in Western languages based on Ottoman chronicles. See also the French edition.
- Hasluck, F.W., Christianity and Islam under the Sultans, vols., Oxford 1929. (Contains good bibliography of European books on Ottoman Empire).
- Hoyd, Uriel, Documents on Ottoman Administration in Palestine, 1552-1615, Jerusalem 1966.
- Hoyd, W., Histoire du Commerce du Levant au Moyen Age, 2 vols., Leipzig 1885, 1936.
- Inalcik, H., "Timariotes chretiens en Albania," Mitt. des Ostarr., Staatsarchiv (4), 1951.
- _____, "Ottoman methods of conquest," Studia Islamica II, 1954.
- _____, "Land Problems in Turkish History," Muslim World XIV (1955). (For other works by Inalcik see the instructor).
- Jelavich, Ch. (ed.), The Balkans in Transition, Berkeley, 1963. (Contains several so and so articles on Ottomans).

- Jiricek, K., Geschichte des Serben, 2 vols., Gotha 1911-18.
- Joaquiére, A-da-la, Eiatoire de l'Empire Ottoman, 2 vols., Paris, 1914.
- Karpat, K., Social Change and Politics in Turkey, Laiden 1973.
- _____, The Ottoman State and its Place in World History, Laiden, 1974.
- Koprülü(zade) Mehmet Fust, Les Origins de l'Empire Ottoman, Paris 1935. (A main source on origins).
- _____, "Le feudalisme turc-musulman en moyan age," Belleten V, Ankara 1941, pp. 335-50.
- Kritovoulos, History of Mehmet the Conqueror. Princeton 1954. (A Byzantine historian's account of Sultan Mohmet II, 1451-1481).
- Lamb, H., Sulayman the Magnificent, London 1952. (A general novel-like book).
- Lana, Poole St., The Story of Turkey, New York 1891. (A good, though general book).
- Langer, W.L. and Blake, R.D., "The Rise of the Ottoman Turks and its Historical Background," American Historical Review XXXVII (1931), pp. 468-505. (At attempt at interpretation based on geographical factors).
- Lapidus, Ira, Muslim Cities in the Later Middle Ages. Cambridge, Mass. 1967.
- Lemarle, Paul, L'emirat d'Ayden, Byzance et L'Occident, Paris 1957.
- Lewis, B. and Holt, P.M., Historians of the Middle East, Oxford 1962. (An excellent survey of sources of Middle East history).
- Lewis, B., Istanbul and the Civilization of the Ottomans, Oklahoma 1964. (An excellent historical survey of this city).
- _____, The Emergence of Modern Turkey, London 1961.
- Kapman, A., The Netherlands and the Ottoman Empire, Leiden 1963.
- Knolles, Richard, Generale histoire of the Turkes, London, 1603. See the same, entitled Turkish History with continuation by Paul Rycaut, 3 vols., London 1687-1700.
- Lybyer, A.H., The Government of the Ottoman Empire in the Time of Suleiman The Magnificent, Cambridge 1913.
- Mantran, R., Istanbul . . . au XVII siecle, Paris 1962.
- Merriman, Roger, Suleinan the Magnificent, 1944.
- Mutufieva, V. P., Dimitrov, S., Sur l'etat du Systemo des Timars, Sofia 1968.
- Norman, Daniel, Islam, Europe and Empire, Edinburgh 1966.
- Ohsson, M., Tableau general de l'Empire Ottoman, 7 vols., Paris 1788.

- Ostrogorsky, G., Four l'histoire de la foodalié Byzantine, Brussels 1954.
- Pallis, A., In the Days of the Janissaries, 1951.
- Palmer, J. A. B., "The Origin of the Janissaries," Bul. of the John Rylands Library (35), pp. 935, 444-81.
- Panzer, N. M., The Harem, Philadelphia 1922.
- Parry, V. J., "The Ottoman Empire," Cambridge Mod. History, vol. II, 1958.
- Pears, Edwin, The Destruction of the Greek Empire and the Capture of Constantinople, London 1903 (Best book on the subject).
- Pitcher, D., An historical geography of the Ottoman Empire, 1968.
- Ramsey, Sir W. M., "Geographical Conditions Determining History and Religion in Asia Minor," Geog. Journal, London, 1962.
- Ranke, L., The Ottoman and Spanish empires in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, (tr. W. K. Kelley), London 1843.
- Runciman, St., The Fall of Constantinople, Cambridge, 1965.
- _____, The Great Church in Captivity, Cambridge 1968. (Includes bibliography on Christians in the Empire).
- Rycout, P., The history of the present State of the Ottoman Empire, London 1868 (see also Knolles).
- Sardella, P., Nouvelles et spéculations à Venise Paris 1948.
- Setton, K. (ed.), A History of the Crusades, Vol. 1, Philadelphia 1955.
- Southern, R. W., Western Views of Islam in the Middle Ages, Harvard Press 1962.
- Spuler, B., Les Mongols dans l'histoire, London 1961.
- Teaescher, F., "The Ottoman Turks to 1453", Cambridge Medieval History, Vol. 7, 1965.
- Ursu, J., La politique orientale de Francois I (1515-1547), Paris 1908.
- Vaughn, D., Europe and the Turk: a Pattern of Alliances, 1350-1800, Liverpool 1954.
- Vacinich, W.S., "The Nature of Balkan Society under Ottoman Rule," Slavic Review XXI, 1962. The Ottoman Empire, its Record and Legacy, Princeton, 1965.
- Vryonis, Speroe, Byzantine and Europe, New York, 1967 (includes general information on Byzantine-Turkish Seljuki-Ottoman relations).
- Wittak, P., The Rise of the Ottoman Empire, London 1938.
- _____, "De la defaite d'Ankara ala prise de Constantinople," Revus des Etudes Islamiqwas (1938).
- _____, "Le Role des tribus turques dans l'empire Ottoman," Mélanges Georges Smets, Brussels 1952, pp. 554-76.